

立人高級中學 113 學年度第 2 學期國三英語科第 1 次定期評量試題

範圍：康軒版課本第六冊 Lesson 1, 2 為主 寂天核心素養閱讀本 Unit 27-30

- ※ 考試時間共 60 分鐘，題目卷共四頁，選擇題答案卡一張，非選擇題答案卷一張。
※ 選擇題共 68 題，請以 2B 鉛筆在答案卡上作答；班級座號標示錯誤而影響讀卡者，扣 5 分。
※ 非選擇題共 20 格，請以原子筆在非選擇題答案卷上作答；班級座號姓名需自行寫明，未寫明者，扣 5 分。

一、克漏字 1%*20 = 20%

Bonding humor 01. to bring the joke-teller and listeners 02. together. It 03. listeners that the joke-teller isn't different 04. most people, and 05. . This helps everyone feel 06. they're on the same team and 06. they share the same sense of humor. People 07. bonding humor always 08. joy to the people around them. They often share funny stories 09. their own lives, and they even 10. their own mistakes.

- | | | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 01. A. thinks widely | B. thinks widely | C. is widely thought | D. is widely thought |
| 02. A. more closer | B. much closer | C. much closely | D. closer |
| 03. A. used to show | B. used to showing | C. is used to show | D. is used to showing |
| 04. A. with | B. from | C. as | D. until |
| 05. A. listeners aren't, either | B. listeners aren't, neither | C. either are listeners | D. neither aren't listeners |
| 06. A. X ... X | B. that ... X | C. X ... that | D. X ...if |
| 07. A. use | B. are used | C. that use | D. who use |
| 08. A. bring | B. brings | C. bringing | D. to bring |
| 09. A. with | B. on | C. by | D. from |
| 10. A. laugh on | B. laugh at | C. laugh with | D. laugh by |

Tiffany: Hi, William. I sent a news report 11. you. It 12. that someone who attacked visitors in Taipei 101 yesterday 13. on the spot, and many people got hurt. It really made me 14. .

William: That news 15. to be not real, so you don't have to worry.

Tiffany: What made you think the report wasn't real?

William: Well, it didn't come from a big news company. 16. , the language 17. the report was strange. I believed the writer just wanted to make people worry. Be careful of 18. you read or share on the Internet because 19. of the news on the Net may not be true.

Tiffany: Okay. The next time I share a news report, I'll 20. it's real first.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| 11. A. to | B. for | C. from | D. by |
| 12. A. told | B. wrote | C. took | D. said |
| 13. A. was caught | B. were caught | C. being caught | D. to be caught |
| 14. A. scare | B. scared | C. scary | D. scaring |
| 15. A. turned up | B. was turned up | C. turned out | D. was turned out |
| 16. A. To be honest | B. At least | C. Also | D. For example |
| 17. A. at | B. in | C. on | D. between |
| 18. A. what | B. who | C. which | D. that |
| 19. A. much | B. many | C. little | D. few |
| 20. A. take care | B. take up | C. make sure | D. make up |

二、文意選填 1%*12 = 12%【有些答案不會用到，每個答案只能用一次】

We don't always agree on everything. Maybe you 21. my favorite novel. Maybe I don't think your pants 22. with your shirt. But if there is one thing we can often agree on, it is pet peeves. One common pet peeve is interruptions. We know the type of person. They just can't let you 23. your story. Worst of all, they never have anything valuable to 24. . You may have different pet peeves from I 25. , but we all have them. And this can help 26. us together.

A. add	B. buy	C. do	D. go	AB. enjoy
AC. bring	AD. hate	BC. talk	BD. matter	CD. finish

Dogs 27. great pets, but they are also good learners. We often 28. them to help us work, such as police dogs. Their duties include searching for bombs and missing people. They also 29. policemen from attackers. It takes a long time to make them 30. their masters, and they may work for up to nine years before they 31. . When they do, they often live with their old masters. We really 32. these hard-working dogs a lot. Let's treat them well during their senior years.

A. take	B. train	C. breed	D. pause	AB. protect
AC. focus	AD. make	BC. retire	BD. owe	CD. obey

三、單字及文法選擇 1%*24 = 24%

33. After a week of rest, Julian was able to _____ from his sickness.
A. recycle **B.** recover **C.** repeat **D.** review
34. Jim wants to _____ from the busy city life. That's why he's moving to the country next month.
A. spot **B.** hunt **C.** tidy **D.** escape
35. Those brave firefighters _____ the fire soon after they arrived at the factory.
A. put down **B.** put away **C.** put off **D.** put out
36. Please _____ to me while I am talking to you, and don't interrupt me.
A. catch your eye **B.** roll your eyes **C.** pay attention **D.** check out
37. The joke Andrew just told was _____ each of us couldn't help laughing.
A. too funny that **B.** too boring that **C.** so funny that **D.** so boring that
38. Of all the stories, the one Caroline told is _____.
A. the least funny **B.** more funny **C.** less interesting **D.** most interesting
39. Patricia ran _____ the race.
A. so slowly that didn't win **B.** too slowly to win **C.** slowly enough to win **D.** very slowly that lost
40. How do you know _____ if the news _____ you read is true?
A. that / what **B.** X / what **C.** that / X **D.** X / X
41. Everybody knows _____ is true _____ smoking makes people unhealthy.
A. that / that **B.** that / X **C.** it / that **D.** it / X
42. It rained all day long yesterday, so we ended up _____ at home without going anywhere.
A. stay **B.** stayed **C.** to stay **D.** staying
43. I have an idea _____ Tim might be the first person _____ saw that accident.
A. that / who **B.** that / that **C.** which / who **D.** which / that
44. Everybody in my class _____ when the teacher told us we got first place in the singing contest.
A. feels exciting **B.** feels excited **C.** felt exciting **D.** felt excited
45. Wendy was taking a shower _____ the phone rang.
A. since **B.** that **C.** while **D.** when
46. Zoe doesn't want to play badminton in PE class, but Sandy _____.
A. does **B.** doesn't **C.** wants **D.** doesn't want
47. My parents haven't been to Okinawa, and _____.
A. either has my uncle **B.** either hasn't my uncle **C.** neither has my uncle **D.** neither hasn't my uncle
48. Kevin has to get up early tomorrow morning, and _____.
A. so do I **B.** so do me **C.** so have I **D.** so have me
49. 翻譯：『只要明天天氣好，我們就去露營。』
A. As long as the weather will be nice tomorrow, we will go camping.
B. As long as the weather will be nice tomorrow, we go camping.
C. We will go camping as long as the weather is nice tomorrow.
D. We go camping as long as the weather is nice tomorrow.
50. 翻譯：『他既不喜歡牛肉，也不喜歡豬肉。』
A. He likes neither beef nor pork.
C. He doesn't like beef, and pork doesn't, either.
51. 翻譯：『她把借來的鉛筆借給我。』 = She _____ the pencil which she _____ to me.
A. borrowed / borrowed **B.** borrowed / lent **C.** lent / borrowed **D.** lent / lent
52. Choose the only one correct sentence:
A. Not only you also Tom is smart.
C. Both my sister and me enjoy dancing.
53. Choose the only one correct sentence:
A. This sweater is too small for me to wear it.
C. I got up so late to miss the school bus.
54. Choose the only one correct sentence:
A. Raising your hand now if you have any questions.
C. They didn't go hiking because the bad weather.
55. Choose the only one correct sentence:
A. Do you know the teacher who in a blue shirt?
C. He has a big nose which looks funny.
56. Choose the only one correct sentence:
A. Mom questions everything from that website.
C. I can't find the keys that put in the box.
- B.** He doesn't like neither beef nor pork.
D. He doesn't like beef, and neither does pork.
C. lent / lent
D. lent / lent
B. Either you or I am going to help him.
D. Neither Dad nor Mom are good at cooking.
B. He was so sick that he couldn't come to school.
D. She was too tired that she couldn't get up early.
B. Though he didn't study, but he still got a good grade.
D. Take your shoes off before entering the room.
B. Are you sure what he said was true?
D. She loves the boy who eyes are small.
B. Many informations on the Net are wrong.
D. The children who is playing over there can help you.

In a forest in Germany, there is a 500-year-old oak tree with a hole in its trunk. Inside the hole, there are letters from people all over the world.

People call it the Bridegroom's Oak. In the 19th century, two local youngsters, Minna and Wilhelm were deeply in love. But Minna's parents would not let them marry. So the two wrote letters to each other in secret. They used an oak tree in the forest as a hiding place for these letters. Finally, Minna's father gave in and let them get married. And they **tied the knot** under their special tree on June 2, 1891.

After the story of the happy couple spread, people began sending letters to the tree. These letter-writers hoped someone would find their letters, read them, and write back. They hoped they might find true love this way. In 1927, the local mail service set up a ladder by the tree. And a mailman began to officially deliver letters there. Still today, letters regularly arrive at the Bridegroom's Oak from people looking to find love.

57. What does the phrase "**tied the knot**" mean in the reading?

- A. wrote letters to each other B. became husband and wife C. cut the oak tree down D. spent their honeymoon
58. Why did Minna and Wilhelm use the oak tree for their letters?
- A. They wanted to make the tree famous. B. They were playing a secret game.
C. They were not allowed to be together. D. They wanted to decorate the tree with letters.
59. Which is true according to the story above?
- A. Many people in the world are happy couples. B. Many people in the world get married under trees.
C. Many people in the world write letters to Minna. D. Many people in the world hope for true love.

Taiwan's baseball team won an important game on November 24th, 2024. They beat Japan 4-0 in the WBSC Premier12 Championship held in Tokyo. This is Taiwan's first big win in world baseball. It also ended Japan's 27-game winning run.

In the fifth inning, Lin Chia-cheng hit a home run, and team captain Chen Chieh-hsien hit a three-run homer. Taiwan's pitchers, including 21-year-old Lin Yu-min, played very well. Japan could not score any points. Taiwan had 11 hits in the game, while Japan had only four.

Shohei Ohtani, a famous Japanese baseball player, congratulated Taiwan. He shared a message online saying, "Congratulations! Global Champions," with a picture of Team Taiwan. People from Cuba and the Czech Republic also praised Taiwan.

This win is Taiwan's best since 1992, when they won a silver medal. Chen Chieh-hsien, Taiwan's captain, was very happy and cried after the game. He said, "We really did it." He was also named the MVP of the tournament.

This victory is special for Taiwan. Many people are talking about it. Baseball fans hope this win will help the sport grow in Taiwan.

winning 局 pitcher 投手 congratulate 道賀 tournament 錦標賽 historic 歷史性的
winning streak 連勝 inspire 激勵 compete 競爭

60. According to which one do we know the idea that Taiwan's win was historic?

- A. Taiwan had 11 hits, while Japan had only four. B. Shohei Ohtani shared a congratulatory message online.
C. The game was held in Tokyo, Japan. D. This win ended Japan's 27-game winning streak.

61. Why do you think many people hope this victory will help baseball grow in Taiwan?

- A. The win brought global pride, which may inspire more players and fans.
B. Taiwan's team can now compete with stronger teams in all sports.
C. Baseball fans want Taiwan to hold the next WBSC Premier 12.
D. Winning against Japan will make Taiwan play more games in Japan.

62. If you were Chen Chieh-hsien, how might you use this win to inspire younger players?

- A. Teach them to practice only hitting home runs.
B. Share the value of teamwork from this game.
C. Tell them not to play against strong teams like Japan.
D. Show them videos of this game and make them repeat it again and again.

Walt Disney made Mickey Mouse. Before Mickey, Disney made a rabbit named Oswald, but Oswald was not popular. Disney then made a happy mouse named "Mickey."

Mickey's first big cartoon was Steamboat Willie. This movie came out on November

18th, 1928, in New York City. So, November 18 became Mickey's birthday. In this movie, Minnie Mouse also appeared for the first time.

In 1935, an artist changed Mickey's look. He gave Mickey bigger eyes and white gloves. Mickey also got friends like Donald Duck, Goofy, and Pluto.

In the 1930s, people loved Mickey. Mickey was in many cartoons and movies. Today, Mickey Mouse is loved around the world. He is a symbol of fun.

☞ cartoon 卡通 ☞ symbol 象徵

63. Which is wrong about what happened to Mickey's design in 1935?

- A. Mickey became more serious.
 - B. Mickey's eyes got larger.
 - C. Mickey looked a little different.
 - D. Mickey had more friends as a result.
64. Why is November 18th so important to Mickey Mouse?
- A. It is the day Mickey Mouse was first created.
 - B. It is the day Mickey began to wear gloves.
 - C. It is the day Steamboat Willie was first shown.
 - D. It is the day Mickey met Pluto.

65. Why was Mickey created after Oswald the Rabbit?

- A. Disney wanted to create a cartoon character with another kind of animal.
- B. Oswald did not become as popular as it was expected.
- C. Disney wanted to create a friend for Oswald.
- D. Oswald caught many people's eye as a rabbit.

A cold is **mild**. People with a cold have a runny nose, cough, and sometimes a sore throat. They may feel a little tired.

The flu is worse. People with the flu have a high fever, muscle pain, and feel very tired. Some also have a cough and sore throat. The flu can make people badly sick.

Now, many people in Japan have the flu. Some schools closed because of this. From September to January, 9.5 million people got the flu.

A long time ago, in 1918, a very bad flu spread to many countries. Five hundred million people got sick, and many died. At that time, there was no good medicine.

How to Stay Safe:

1. Wash hands often. Wear a mask.
2. Drink water and rest when sick.
3. See a doctor if you have a fever.
4. Get a flu shot every year.

66. What is the **OPPOSITE** of "mild"?

- A. easy
- B. hot
- C. safe
- D. serious

67. What is one main difference between a cold and the flu?

- A. The flu is worse than a cold and can make people very weak.
- B. The flu makes people very tired, but a cold does not at all.
- C. A cold always leads to a high fever, but the flu does not.
- D. The flu only happens in Japan.

68. Why was the 1918 flu so dangerous?

- A. It spread to only a few countries.
- B. Many people didn't drink enough water.
- C. There was no good medicine at that time.
- D. Five hundred million people died because of it.

立人高級中學 113 學年度第 2 學期國三英語科第 1 次定期評量答案卷

班級座號： 姓名： 得分： (選擇 80%) + (非選 20%) = (總分 100%)

五、單字 1%*12 = 12%

嗜好	親戚	外國人	鄰居
颱風	陽台	資訊來源	禮貌的
粉筆	橋	雨傘	毛巾

六、填空式翻譯 1%*8 = 8% (每格必須且只能填一個字)

◎ 輪到你講笑話了，但請不要太過刻薄。

It's your _____ to _____ a joke, but don't be too _____, please.

◎ 為什麼腳踏車無法自己站立？

Why can't bicycles stand _____ their _____ ?

◎ 我們應該留意這些假新聞的徵兆。

We should look _____ for these _____ of _____ news.



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一、克漏字 1%*20 = 20%

二、文意選填 1%*12 = 12%

三、單字及文法選擇 1%*24 = 24%

四、閱讀測驗 2%*12 = 24%

五、單字 1%*12 = 12%

- 1.**DBCBA** 6.**CDADB** 11.**ADABC** 16.**CBAAC**
21.**AD D CD A C AC** 27.**AD B AB CD BC BD**
33.**BDD** 36.**CCABD** 41.**CDBDD** 46.**ACACA** 51.**CBBDBA**
57.**BCD** 60.**DAB** 63.**ACB** 66.**DAC**

嗜好 hobby	親戚 relative	外國人 foreigner	鄰居 neighbor
颱風 typhoon	陽台 balcony	資訊來源 source	禮貌的 polite
粉筆 chalk	橋 bridge	雨傘 umbrella	毛巾 towel

六、填空式翻譯 1%*8 = 8% (每格必須且只能填一個字)

◎ 輪到你講笑話了，但請不要太過刻薄。

It's your **turn** to **tell** a joke, but don't be too **mean** , please.

◎ 為什麼腳踏車無法自己站立？

Why can't bicycles stand **on** their **own** ?

◎ 我們應該留意這些假新聞的徵兆。

We should look **out** for these **signs** of **fake** news.